# A novel photoinitiator for microfabrication via two-photon polymerization

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## Outline

- Motivation
- Microstructures fabricated using Lucirin TPO-L
- Z-scan technique
- 2PA measurements and spectrum
- Molecular calculation
- Conclusions

#### Motivation

Two-photon polymerization allows the fabrication of complex microstructures for several application.

Usually, photoinitiators are added to the monomer to start the photopolymerization.

For this reason the 2PA cross-sections of photoinitiators have been extensively studied.

Here we study the 2PA process of Lucirin TPO-L, which has recently been shown to be a very efficient polymerization initiator under twophoton excitation

# Resin composition for 2PA polymerization

SR499 ethoxylated(6) trimethyl-lolpropane triacrylate

$$CH_{2} \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} \end{pmatrix}_{2} O - C - CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{3} - CH_{2} \qquad C - CH_{2} \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} \end{pmatrix}_{2} O - C - CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{2} \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} \end{pmatrix}_{2} O - C - CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{2} \leftarrow \begin{pmatrix} O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} \end{pmatrix}_{2} O - C - CH = CH_{2}$$

• reduces structural shrinkage

SR368 tris(2-hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate triacrylate

$$\begin{array}{c} c_{H_{2}-CH_{2}-O} - c_{C}-c_{H}=c_{H_{2}} \\ \\ o = c \\ c_{H_{2}-CH-C} - c_{C}-c_{C}-c_{H}=c_{H_{2}} \\ \\ c_{H_{2}-CH-C} - c_{C}-c_{C}-c_{H}=c_{H_{2}} \\ \\ c_{H_{2}-CH-C} - c_{C}-c_{$$

· confers hardness to the structure

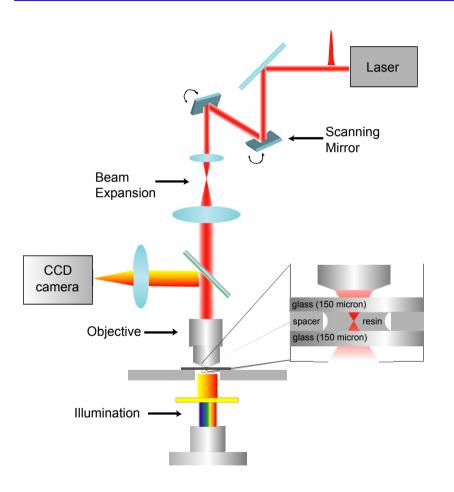
#### **Photoinitiator**

#### Lucirin TPO-L

ethyl-2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoylphenylphosphinate

$$H_3C$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

## Two-photon polymerization setup



### Ti:sapphire laser oscillator

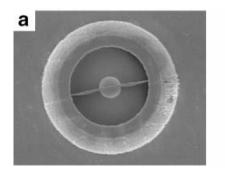
- 130 fs
- 800 nm
- 76 MHz
- 20 mW

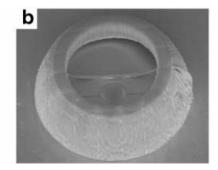
## Objective

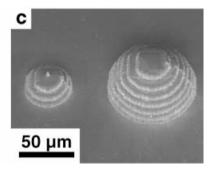
40 x 0.65 NA

## Scanning Electron Micrograph

Scanning electron micrograph of microstructures fabricated by 2PA polymerization



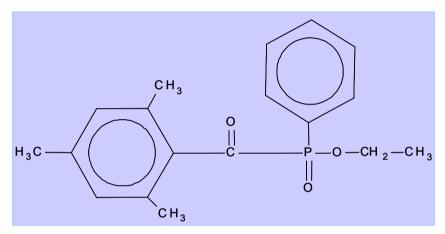




- (a) Top view
- (b) 30° tilted view of a complex hemispherical structure
- (c) Conical microstructures.

The microstructures show excellent integrity and high definition.

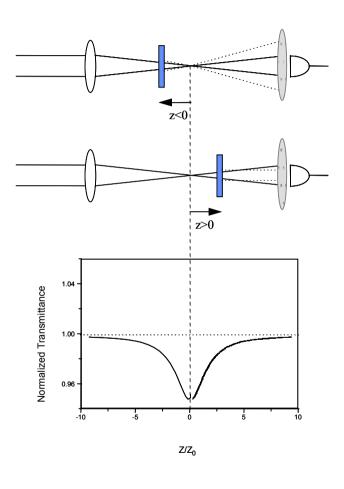
## 2PA characterization of Lucirin TPO-L



Solution of Lucirin TPO- L in ethanol

Nonlinear optical characterization (2PA) was performed using the Z-scan technique

## Z-scan technique



### Femtosecond laser system

 $\lambda$ =775 nm;  $\tau$ = 150 f; f= 1 KHz

#### **OPA**

460 - 2600 nm

≈ 120 fs

20-60 μJ

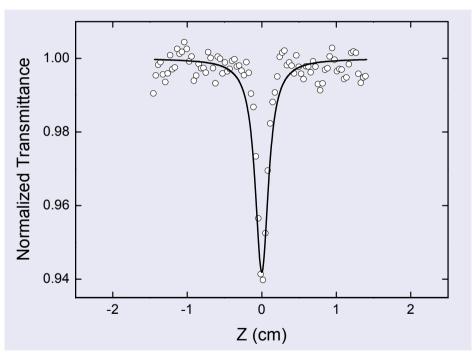
$$\alpha = \alpha_0 + \beta I$$

Two-photon absorption coefficient

$$\Delta T \propto \beta$$

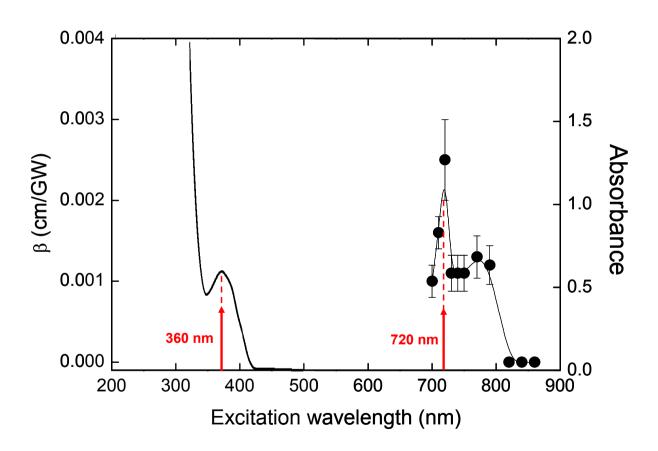
### Z-scan measurement

Z-scan signature of a 2PA process for Lucirin TPO-L at  $\lambda = 720$  nm



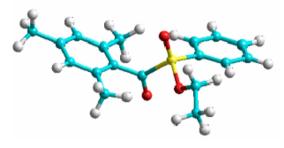
$$\Delta T = 6\%$$
 $\beta = 0.0025 \text{ cm/GW}$ 

# 2PA Spectrum of Lucirin TPO-L

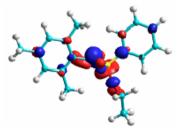


### Molecular

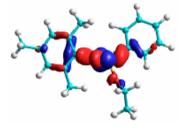
#### calculations performed using semi-empirical methods



Lucirin TPO-L optimized geometry



LUMO Lowest Unoccupied Molecular Orbital



HOMO Highest Occupied Molecular Orbital

- nonplanar molecular structure
- small conjugation length
- charge localized in the central portion of the molecule

Explain the low 2PA coefficient of this photoinitiator

We measured the two-photon absorption cross-section of the photoinitiator Lucirin TPO-L and established a relation between the molecular structure of this photoinitiator and its nonlinear optical properties.

We fabricated microstructures with excellent structural integrity and definition, demonstrating the potential of Lucirin TPO-L for two-photon polymerization microfabrication.

## Acknowledgments

This work was carried out with the financial support from FAPESP (Brazil), the National Science Foundation under contract DMI-0334984 and the Army Research Office under contract W911NF-05-1-0471.